

UNIVERSITY OF AMSTERDAM



Literature Study Presentation

The Semantic Web Status

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Outline

- Research Questions
- Semantic Web In the 2000s
- Web 3.0 In the 2020s
- Linked Data Semantic Integration
- Future Trend
- Conclusion
- Discussion





Research Questions

RQ1: What is the current status of the Semantic Web in applications?

RQ2: How Linked Data organizes information on the Semantic Web?

RQ3: What is the challenges in widely using the Semantic Web in enterprise?

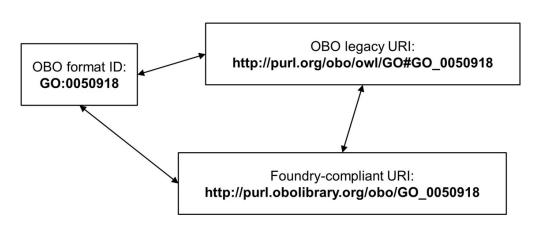


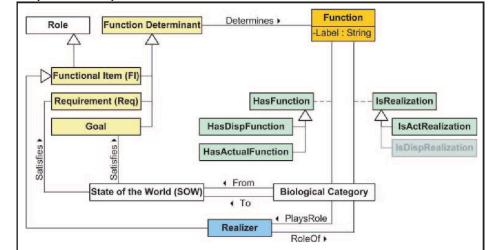


Semantic Web In the 2000s – 1/2

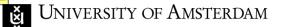
Requirement

- Integration of knowledge
- Ontologies
- Open Biological and Biomedical Ontologies (OBO)





Burek, Patryk et al. "A top-level ontology of functions and its application in the Open Biomedical Ontologies." *Bioinformatics* 22 14 (2006): e66-73. Tirmizi, S.H., Aitken, S., Moreira, D.A. et al. Mapping between the OBO and OWL ontology languages. J Biomed Semant 2, S3 (2011). <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/2041-1480-2-S1-S3</u>





Semantic Web In the 2000s – 2/2

Knowledge Representation

- Resource Description Framework (RDF)
- Web Ontology Language (OWL)



An Example OWL ontology

<owl:Class rdf:ID="Person" /> <owl:Class rdf:ID="Man"> <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="#Person" /> <owl:disjointWith rdf:resource="#Woman" /> </owl:Class> <owl:Class rdf:ID="Woman"> <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="#Person" /> <owl:disjointWith rdf:resource="#Man" /> </owl:Class> <owl:Class rdf:ID="Father"> <rdfs:subClassOf rdf:resource="Man" /> <owl:Restriction owl:minCardinality="1"> <owl:onProperty rdf:resource="#hasChild" /> </owl:Restriction> </owl:Class> <owl: ObjectProperty rdf: ID = "has Child"> <rdfs:domain rdf:resource="#Parent"/> <rdfs:range rdf:resource="#Person" /> </owl:ObjectProperty>

Sample Code <u>https://devopedia.org/semantic-web#qst-ans-6</u>

Ontology OWL Semantic Web Spring 2007 Computer Engineering https://slidetodoc.com/ontology-owl-semantic-web-spring-2007-computer-engineering/





Web 3.0 In the 2020s – 1/4

A Structural Model

- Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) inspired
- Encapsulation and Layers
- Interact and Cooperate

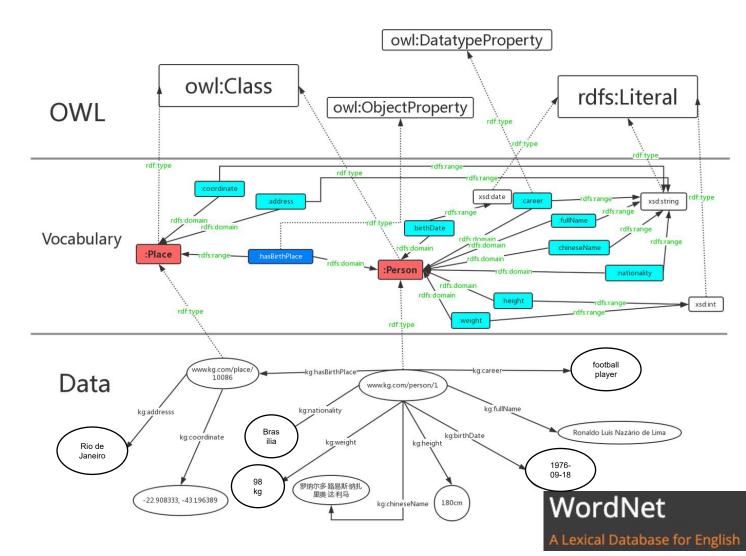
ι	Jser Interface	e and Ap	plications	
		ι	Jnifying Logic	
Proof				
Unifying Logic				
Querying: SPARQL	Ontolog		Rules: RIF SWRL	hy
	Taxonomy: RDFS		Cryptography	
Data Interchange: RDF				C
Syntax: XML				
Character Set: Unicode Identifiers: UR			ntifiers: URI	

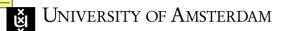


Web 3.0 In the 2020s – 2/4

Metadata Registration

- Tagging: Subject indexing
- Taxonomy
- Ontology







Web 3.0 In the 2020s – 3/4

Linked Data

- Simplistic, shallow representation
- Principles
 - URIs
 - HTTP
 - SPARQL
 - Links to other URIs
- Schema.org / Wikidata
- Shallow non-expressive schema







Web 3.0 In the 2020s – 4/4

Knowledge Graphs

- Google •
- Searching Amsterdam •
- Apple Siri / Microsoft / Open Graph •
- **Research and Development** •

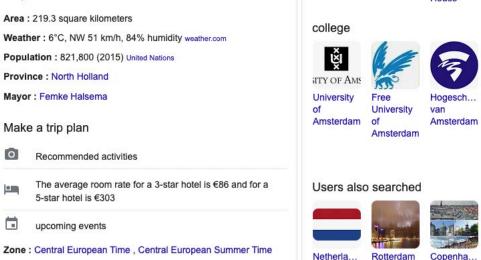


Amsterdam capital of the netherlands

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Amsterdam, sometimes called the Netherlands, is the capital and largest city of the Netherlands, located in the country's western province of Noord-Holland. According to statistics in January 2008, the city has a population of 747,290; the Randstad metropolitan area, where the city is located, has a population of about 6.7 million and is the sixth largest metropolitan area in Europe. Its name derives from the Amstel dam - a dam on the Amstel River, now the site of Dam Square - which also indicates the origin of the city. Wikipedia



Stedelijk Vondelpark Museum

Amsterdam

erdam

locatie V...

UMC.

Amsterdam

Museum Frank House

Anne

Van Gogh

map point

Riiksmus...

10+ items

and 15+ items



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Amsterdam

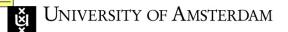
10+ items

brussels





https://www.google.com/search?g=Amsterdam

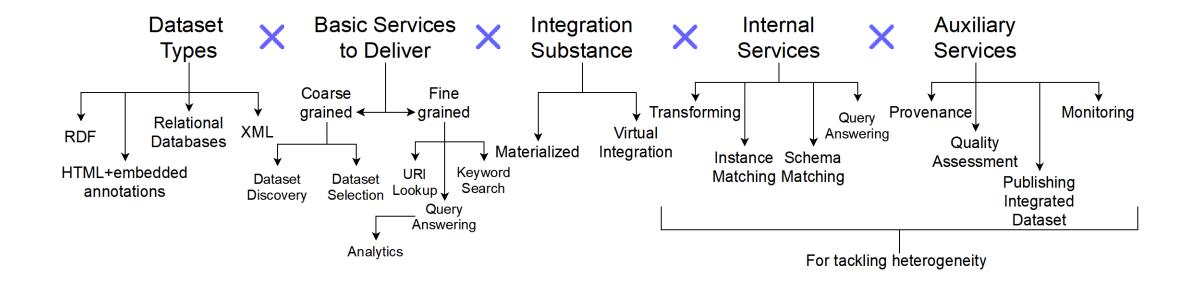




Linked Data Semantic Integration – 1/4

Semantic Integration

• Landscape overview



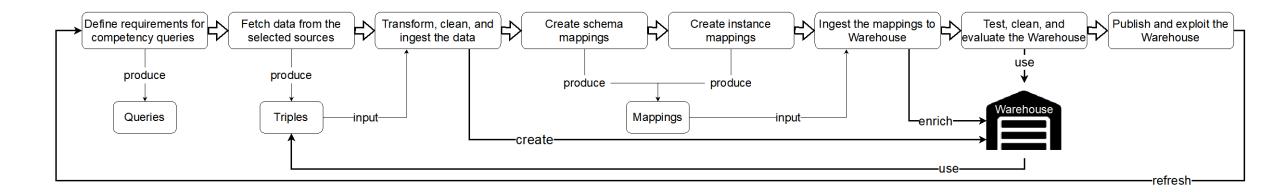


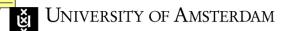


Linked Data Semantic Integration – 2/4

Internal Services

• Step 1: Top-level Ontology-based or Competency Query-based Integration



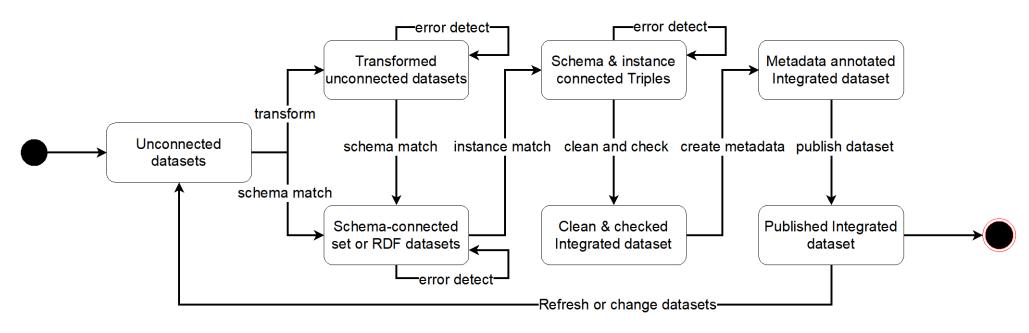




Linked Data Semantic Integration – 3/4

Internal Services

• Step 2: Automatic General Purpose Integration



• Step 3: Composite Processes





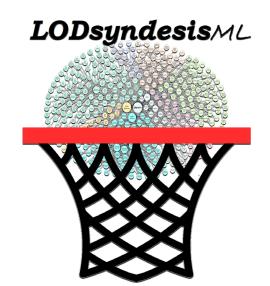
Linked Data Semantic Integration – 4/4

Integration Tools

• MatWare



LODsyndesis



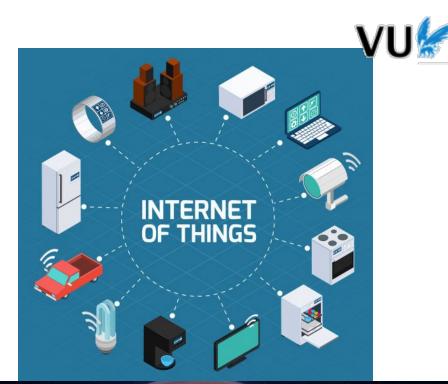
Future Trend

Improvement

- Natural Language Processing
- Machine Learning (Deep learning)
- Internet of Things(IoT)
- Ubiquitous Data Streams(UDS)

Challenges

- Large scale
- Automated process
- Virtual World









Conclusion

RQ1: What is the current status of the Semantic Web in applications?

- Information management: data sharing, discovery, integration, and reusing
- Mainstream in IT
- Applications

RQ2: How Linked Data organizes information on the Semantic Web?

- Five dimensions
- Integration substance
- Scale issue

RQ3: What is the challenges in widely using the Semantic Web in enterprise?

- Interdisciplinary issue
- Large-scale integration
- Manual operation





Discussion

The Next Step...

- Automated pipeline for Data Integration
- Semantic Artificial Intelligence (Semantic AI)



What is Semantic AI? The Fusion of Machine Learning and Knowledge Graphs <u>https://www.poolparty.biz/semantic-ai/</u>





Thanks for Your Listening!

Question...?

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